### DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39 [66 FR 29900 6/4/2001]

[Docket No. 2000-CE-72-AD; Amendment 39-12247; AD 2001-10-04 R1]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Air Tractor, Inc. AT-400, AT-500, and AT-800 Series Airplanes

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration, DOT.

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: This amendment revises AD 2001-10-04, which concerns certain Air Tractor, Inc. (Air Tractor) AT-400, AT-500, and AT-800 series airplanes. AD 2001-10-04 superseded AD 2000-14-51 and lowers the safe life for the wing lower spar cap on these airplanes. The AD was the result of numerous reports of cracks in the 3/8-inch bolthole of the wing lower spar cap on the affected airplanes. We inadvertently included certain AT-800 series airplanes in the Applicability of this AD. Those AT-800 series airplanes that are equipped with the factory-supplied part number 80540 computerized fire gate should not be affected by AD 2001-10-04. This action revises the AD to reflect this change and to provide information for applying for an alternative method of compliance with this AD. The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent fatigue cracks from occurring in the wing lower spar cap before the originally established safe life is reached. Fatigue cracks in the wing lower spar cap, if not detected and corrected, could result in the wing separating from the airplane during flight.

DATES: This AD becomes effective on June 8, 2001.

The Director of the Federal Register previously approved the incorporation by reference of certain publications listed in the regulation as of June 8, 2001 (66 FR 27014, May 16, 2001).

The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) must receive any comments on this rule on or before July 13, 2001.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments in triplicate to FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2000-CE-72-AD, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri 64106.

You may get the service information referenced in this AD from Air Tractor, Incorporated, P.O. Box 485, Olney, Texas 76374. You may look at this information at FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, Attention: Rules Docket No. 2000-CE-72-AD, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri 64106; or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rob Romero, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Fort Worth Airplane Certification Office, 2601 Meacham Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas 76193-0150; telephone: (817) 222-5102; facsimile: (817) 222-5960.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

## **Discussion**

What events have caused this AD? Several reports of cracked wing lower spar caps on Air Tractor AT-400, AT-500, and AT-800 series airplanes have caused the manufacturer (Air Tractor) to recalculate the fatigue life of the wing lower spar cap on these airplanes. One report was an accident where the wing separated from the airplane during flight. The cracks are originating in the outboard 3/8-inch bolthole of the wing lower spar cap.

What are the consequences if the condition is not corrected? This condition could result in fatigue cracks in the wing lower spar cap before the originally established safe life is reached. Fatigue cracks in the wing lower spar cap, if not detected and corrected, could result in the wing separating from the airplane during flight. Is there service information that applies to this subject? Air Tractor has issued the following:

- Snow Engineering Company Service Letter #197, Revised March 26, 2001, which applies to certain Models AT-501, AT-502, and AT-502A airplanes;
- Snow Engineering Company Service Letter #202, Revised March 26, 2001, which applies to certain Models AT-400, AT-401, AT-401B, AT-402A, and AT-402B airplanes;
- Snow Engineering Company Service Letter #203, Revised March 26, 2001, which applies to certain Models AT-802 and AT-802A airplanes; and
- Snow Engineering Company Service Letter #205, Revised March 26, 2001, which applies to certain Models AT-501, AT-502, AT-502B, and AT-503A airplanes.

These service letters include procedures for inspecting and replacing/modifying the wing lower spar cap on the affected airplanes.

Has FAA taken any action to this point? To address this condition, FAA issued AD 2001-10-04, Amendment 39-12230 (66 FR 27014, May 16, 2001). This AD lowers the safe life for the wing lower spar cap on Air Tractor AT-400, AT-500, and AT-800 series airplanes. This AD also allows for inspection, using eddy current methods, of the wing lower spar cap for airplanes that are at or over the lower safe life and parts are not available. Operation of the airplane is not allowed if cracks are found and inspections must be terminated when parts become available or after performing three repetitive inspections.

This AD supersedes AD 2000-14-51, Amendment 39-11837 (65 FR 46567, July 31, 2000), which currently requires inspection of the wing lower spar cap for cracks on Air Tractor Models AT-501, AT-502, and AT-502A airplanes, and modification or replacement of any cracked wing lower spar cap.

What has happened since AD 2001-10-04 to initiate this action? We inadvertently included certain AT-800 series airplanes in the Applicability of this AD. Those AT-800 series airplanes that are equipped with the factory-supplied part number 80540 computerized fire gate should not be affected by AD 2001-10-04.

In addition, we will consider inspection of the wing lower spar cap as an alternative method of compliance provided certain criteria are followed.

# The FAA's Determination and an Explanation of the Provisions of This AD

What has FAA decided? After examining the circumstances and reviewing all available information related to the incidents described above, we have determined that:

- the unsafe condition referenced in this document continues to exist and could still develop on other Air Tractor AT-400, AT-500, and AT-800 series airplanes of the same type design;
- those AT-800 series airplanes equipped with the factory-supplied part number 80540 computerized fire gate should not be affected by AD 2001-10-04;
- information about the above-referenced alternative method of compliance should be incorporated into the AD; and
- AD 2001-10-04 should be revised to reflect this change and addition.

Will I have the opportunity to comment prior to the issuance of the rule? This action only clarifies the intent of AD 2001-10-04 and makes a change to not affect certain airplanes. It has no adverse economic impact and imposes no additional burden on any person than would have been necessary to accomplish AD 2001-10-04. Therefore, FAA has determined that prior notice and opportunity for public comment are unnecessary.

## **Comments Invited**

How do I comment on this AD? Although this action is in the form of a final rule and was not preceded by notice and opportunity for public comment, we invite your comments on the rule. You may submit whatever written data, views, or arguments you choose. You need to include the rule's docket number and submit your comments in triplicate to the address specified under the caption "ADDRESSES." We will consider all comments received on or before the closing date specified above. We may amend this rule in light of comments received. Factual information that supports your ideas and suggestions is extremely helpful in evaluating the effectiveness of the AD action and determining whether we need to take additional rulemaking action.

Are there any specific portions of the AD I should pay attention to? The FAA specifically invites comments on the overall regulatory, economic, environmental, and energy aspects of the rule that might suggest a need to modify the rule. You may examine all comments we receive before and after the closing date of the rule in the Rules Docket. We will file a report in the Rules Docket that summarizes each FAA contact with the public that concerns the substantive parts of this AD.

We are reviewing the writing style we currently use in regulatory documents, in response to the Presidential memorandum of June 1, 1998. That memorandum requires federal agencies to communicate more clearly with the public. We are interested in your comments on whether the style of this document is clear, and any other suggestions you might have to improve the clarity of FAA communications that affect you. You can get more information about the Presidential memorandum and the plain language initiative at <a href="http://www.plainlanguage.gov">http://www.plainlanguage.gov</a>.

**How can I be sure FAA receives my comment?** If you want us to acknowledge the receipt of your comments, you must include a self-addressed, stamped postcard. On the postcard, write "Comments to Docket No. 2000-CE-72-AD." We will date stamp and mail the postcard back to you.

## **Regulatory Impact**

**Does this AD impact various entities?** These regulations will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government. Therefore, FAA has determined that this final rule does not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132.

Does this AD involve a significant rule or regulatory action? The FAA has determined that this regulation is an emergency regulation that must be issued immediately to correct an unsafe condition in aircraft, and is not a significant regulatory action under Executive Order 12866. It has been determined further that this action involves an emergency regulation under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979). If it is determined that this emergency regulation otherwise would be significant under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures, a final regulatory evaluation will be prepared and placed in the Rules Docket (otherwise, an evaluation is not required). A copy of it, if filed, may be obtained from the Rules Docket.

## List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by Reference, Safety.

## **Adoption of the Amendment**

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the Federal Aviation Administration amends part 39 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR part 39) as follows:

### PART 39 - AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

## § 39.13 [Amended]

2. FAA amends § 39.13 by removing AD 2001-10-04, Amendment 39-12230 (66 FR 27014, May 16, 2001), and by adding a new airworthiness directive (AD) to read as follows:

# **AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVE**



Aircraft Certification Service Washington, DC

U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Aviation Administration

#### We post ADs on the internet at "av-info.faa.gov"

The following Airworthiness Directive issued by the Federal Aviation Administration in accordance with the provisions of Title 14 of the Code of Federal Regulations (14 CFR) part 39, applies to an aircraft model of which our records indicate you may be the registered owner. Airworthiness Directives affect aviation safety and are regulations which require immediate attention. You are cautioned that no person may operate an aircraft to which an Airworthiness Directive applies, except in accordance with the requirements of the Airworthiness Directive (reference 14 CFR part 39, subpart 39.3).

## **REVISION**

**2001-10-04 R1 AIR TRACTOR, INC.:** Amendment 39-12247; Docket No. 2000-CE-72-AD; Revises AD 2001-10-04, Amendment 39-12230, which superseded AD 2000-14-51, Amendment 39-11837.

(a) What airplanes are affected by this AD? The following presents the airplanes (certificated in any category) that are affected by this AD, along with the new safe life (presented in hours time-in-service (TIS)) of the wing lower spar cap for all airplane models and serial numbers:

Model	Serial Numbers	Safe Life
AT-400	all serial numbers beginning with 0416	13,300 hours TIS
AT-401	0662 through 0951	10,757 hours TIS
AT-401B	0952 through 1014 and 1016 though 1020	6,948 hours TIS
AT-401B	1015 and 1021 through 1124	7,777 hours TIS
AT-402	0694 through 0951	7,440 hours TIS
AT-402A	0738 through 0951	7,440 hours TIS
AT-402A	0952 through 1020	4,589 hours TIS
AT-402B	0966 through 1020	4,589 hours TIS
AT-402A	1021 through 1124	5,268 hours TIS
AT-402B	1021 through 1124	5,268 hours TIS
AT-501	0002 through 0061	4,531 hours TIS
AT-501	all serial numbers beginning with 0062	7,693 hours TIS
AT-502	0003 through 0236	4,000 hours TIS
AT-502A	0158 through 0618	3,000 hours TIS
AT-502B	0187 through 0618	4,000 hours TIS
AT-503A	all serial numbers beginning with 0067	4,000 hours TIS
AT-802	0001 through 0059 except those equipped with the factory-supplied part number 80540 computerized fire gate.	4,132 hours TIS
AT-802A	0003 through 0059 except those equipped with the factory-supplied part number 80540 computerized fire gate.	4,969 hours TIS

Model	Serial Numbers	Safe Life
AT-802	0060 through 0091 except those equipped with the factory-supplied part number 80540 computerized fire gate.	4,188 hours TIS
AT-802	0092 through 0101 except those equipped with the factory-supplied part number 80540 computerized fire gate.	8,163 hours TIS
AT-802A	0060 through 0091 except those equipped with the factory-supplied part number 80540 computerized fire gate.	4,531 hours TIS
AT-802A	0092 through 0101 except those equipped with the factory-supplied part number 80540 computerized fire gate.	8,648 hours TIS

Note 1: Piston powered aircraft that have been converted to turbine power should use the limits for corresponding serial number turbine-powered aircraft.

- (b) Who must comply with this AD? Anyone who wishes to operate any of the above airplanes must comply with this AD.
- (c) What problem does this AD address? The actions specified by this AD are intended to prevent fatigue cracks from occurring in the wing lower spar cap before the originally established safe life is reached. Fatigue cracks in the wing lower spar cap, if not detected and corrected, could result in the wing separating from the airplane during flight.
- (d) What must I do to address this problem? To address this problem, you must accomplish the following actions:

Action	Compliance Time	Procedures
(1) Modify the applicable aircraft records as	Accomplish the logbook	The owner/operator holding at least a
follows to show the reduced safe life for the	entry within the next 10	private pilot certificate as authorized
wing lower spar cap (that is specified in the	hours TIS after June 8,	by section 43.7 of the Federal
table in paragraph (a) of this AD):	2001 (the effective date of	Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 43.7)
(i) For the affected Models AT-802 and	this AD). An additional 10	may modify the aircraft records as
AT-802A airplanes: update the Owners	hours TIS to accomplish	specified in paragraphs (d)(1)(i) and
Manual, Section 6 - Airworthiness	the	(d)(1(ii) of this AD. Make an entry
Limitations, Life Limited Parts.	modification/replacement	into the aircraft records showing
(ii) For all affected airplanes other than the	is allowed if you are	compliance with this portion of the
Models AT-802 and AT-802A airplanes:	already over the safe life	AD in accordance with section 43.9
incorporate the following into the Aircraft	limit.	of the Federal Aviation Regulations
Logbook "In accordance with AD 2001-10-		(14 CFR 43.9). Accomplish the
04 R1, the wing lower spar cap is life limited		actual replacements/modifications in
to (insert the applicable safe life		accordance with Snow Engineering
number from the chart in paragraph (a) of		Service Letter #197, #202, #203, or
this AD).		#205, all Revised March 26, 2001, as
(iii) If, as of the time of the logbook entry		applicable.
requirement of paragraph (d)(1) of this AD,		
your airplane is over or within 10 hours of		
the safe life limit, an additional 10 hours TIS		
is allowed to accomplish the		
replacement/modification.		

Action	<b>Compliance Time</b>	Procedures
(2) If you have ordered parts from the	Prior to further flight after	In accordance with the procedures in
factory when it is time to replace the wing	ordering the parts and	Snow Engineering Service Letter
lower spar cap (as required per the logbook	thereafter at intervals not	#197, #202, #203, or #205, all
safe life reduction in paragraph (d)(1) of this	to exceed 400 hours TIS	Revised March 26, 2001, as
AD), but the parts are not available, inspect,	until one of the criteria in	applicable.
using eddy current methods, the wing lower	paragraphs (d)(2)(i),	
spar cap. These inspections are allowed until	(d)(2)(ii), and $(d)(2)(iii)$ of	
one of the following occurs, at which time	this AD is met.	
the replacement/modification (required when		
the lower spar cap has reached its safe life)		
must be accomplished:		
(i) Crack(s) is/are found;		
(ii) Parts become available from the		
manufacturer; or		
(iii) Not more than three inspections or		
1,200 hours TIS go by: the first inspection		
would have to be accomplished upon		
accumulating the safe life; the second		
inspection would have to be accomplished		
within 400 hours TIS after accumulating the		
safe life; the third inspection would have to		
be accomplished 400 hours TIS after the		
second inspection; and the		
replacement/modification would have to be		
accomplished within 400 hours TIS after the		
third inspection (maximum elapsed time		

- (e) <u>Can I comply with this AD in any other way?</u> You may use an alternative method of compliance or adjust the compliance time if:
  - (1) Your alternative method of compliance provides an equivalent level of safety; and

would be 1,200 hours TIS).

- (2) The Manager, Fort Worth Airplane Certification Office (ACO), approves your alternative. Submit your request through an FAA Principal Maintenance Inspector. The inspector may add comments before sending it to the Manager, Fort Worth ACO.
- (3) Alternative methods of compliance approved for AD 2001-10-04 or AD 2000-14-51 are not considered approved for this AD.
- Note 2: This AD applies to each airplane identified in paragraph (a) of this AD, regardless of whether it has been modified, altered, or repaired in the area subject to the requirements of this AD. For airplanes that have been modified, altered, or repaired so that the performance of the requirements of this AD is affected, the owner/operator must request approval for an alternative method of compliance in accordance with paragraph (e) of this AD. The request should include an assessment of the effect of the modification, alteration, or repair on the unsafe condition addressed by this AD; and, if you have not eliminated the unsafe condition, specific actions you propose to address it.
- (f) Are there any alternative methods of compliance already approved or being considered for this AD? The FAA may approve, as an as an alternative method of compliance, inspection of the wing lower spar cap. You must submit the request in accordance with the procedures in paragraph (e) of this AD and adhere to the following:

- (1) If you are over or within 10 hours TIS of the safe life for the wing lower spar cap and you have ordered parts and scheduled a date for the replacement/modification, but having the replacement/modification done on this date grounds the airplane, accomplish the following:
- (i) inspect the wing lower spar cap within 10 hours TIS after approval of the alternative method of compliance;
- (ii) reinspect thereafter at intervals not to exceed 400 hours TIS until either cracks are found, the date of the scheduled replacement/modification occurs, or 1,200 hours TIS after the initial inspection are accumulated, whichever occurs first;
- (iii) accomplish the inspections in accordance with the procedures in Snow Engineering Service Letter #197, #202, #203, or #205, all Revised March 26, 2001, as applicable.
- (2) Submit the following to the Fort Worth Airplane Certification Office using the procedures described in paragraph (e) of this AD:
  - (i) the airplane model and serial number designation;
  - (ii) the number of hours TIS on the airplane;
  - (iii) the scheduled date for the replacement/modification; and
  - (iv) the name and location of the authorized repair shop.
- (3) For more information about this issue: contact Rob Romero, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Fort Worth ACO, 2601 Meacham Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas 76193-0150; telephone: (817) 222-5102; facsimile: (817) 222-5960; e-mail: Robert.A.Romero@faa.gov.
- (g) What if I need to fly the airplane to another location to comply with this AD? The FAA can issue a special flight permit under sections 21.197 and 21.199 of the Federal Aviation Regulations (14 CFR 21.197 and 21.199) to operate your airplane to a location where you can accomplish the requirements of this AD provided that the following is adhered to:
  - (1) Only operate in day visual flight rules (VFR) only.
  - (2) Ensure that the hopper is empty.
  - (3) Limit airspeed to 135 miles per hour (mph) indicated airspeed (IAS).
  - (4) Avoid any unnecessary g-forces.
  - (5) Avoid areas of turbulence.
  - (6) Plan the flight to follow the most direct route.
- (h) Are any service bulletins incorporated into this AD by reference? Replacement actions required by this AD must be done in accordance with Snow Engineering Service Letter #197, #202, #203, or #205, all Revised March 26, 2001, as applicable. The Director of the Federal Register previously approved this incorporation by reference under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51, as of June 8, 2001 (66 FR 27014, May 16, 2001). You may get copies of this document from Air Tractor, Incorporated, P.O. Box 485, Olney, Texas 76374. You can look at copies at FAA, Central Region, Office of the Regional Counsel, 901 Locust, Room 506, Kansas City, Missouri, or at the Office of the Federal Register, 800 North Capitol Street, NW, suite 700, Washington, DC.
  - (i) When does this amendment become effective? This amendment becomes effective on June 8, 2001.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rob Romero, Aerospace Engineer, FAA, Fort Worth Airplane Certification Office, 2601 Meacham Boulevard, Fort Worth, Texas 76193-0150; telephone: (817) 222-5102; facsimile: (817) 222-5960.

Issued in Kansas City, Missouri, on May 25, 2001.

James E. Jackson, Acting Manager, Small Airplane Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.